

Defeated in World War II, Imperial Germany completely collapsed and its territory was divided into two spheres, liberalist and communist. Then in 1955, West Germany was admitted to the Western European Alliance and the West German Defense Forces was re-established as a new member of the NATO powers.

As West Germany is adjacent to the communist sphere, problems on national defense was much thought of. To defend the border-line an armoured unit was established. The German techniques by which the Tiger, Panther and other excellent tanks were produced was suc-

ceeded by this Leopard tank that appeared in 1961 in West Germany. Leopard also has the name of 'Standard Panther'. It was prototyped in 1961 and 1962 and was formally adopted by the West German Army in 1963, prior to the adoption of the French A.M.X. 30. In 1964, the West German Army placed an order for 1,400 of this tank and the first tank, mass produced, was delivered by Krauss Moffei in Munich.

The crew of the tank is four and L7A 1 105mm gun made in Britain is used as its main gun which is common to tanks of the NATO forces and has the same destroying power as that

of the British Centurion, U.S.A. M60 and Swiss PZ 61. Its shooting sight is based on a range finder system and it can shoot a target at a distance of 1,000 meters even at night by simultaneous use of infrared rays. Its engine is a water-cooled, 10 cylinder multifuel engine by Mercedes Benz. The maximum high speed is 65km/h. Not only diesel oil but also gasoline and fuel for jet engines can be used. Its chassis and body is watertight so that it can cross rivers at a depth of 4 meters underwater. Thus, this tank is a modern, excellent maneuverability tank of which importance is attached.



PARTS

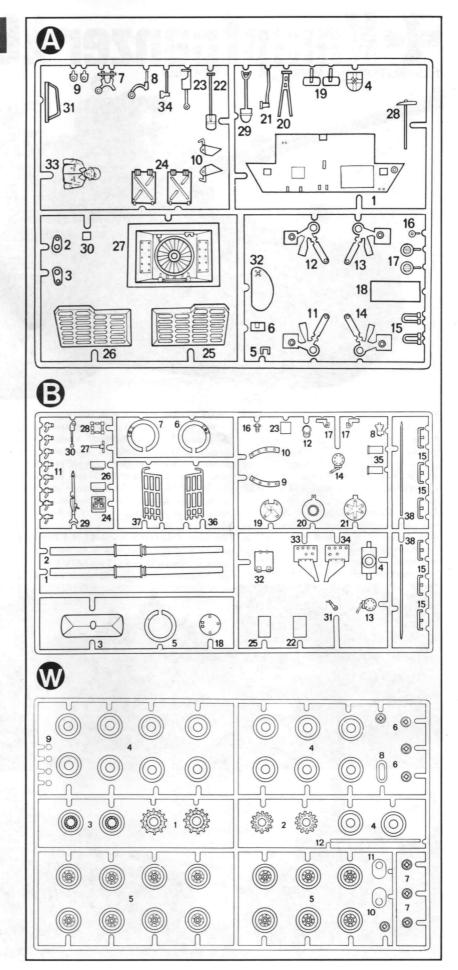
Tail Light (left) (right) Infantry Telephone . Rear Hook (A) 6. " (B) 7. Gun Travelling Crutch (A) 10. Front Hook Shock Absober (R.F) (R.R (L.R) Rear Hook (C) Phone Front Light 16. Tool (A) Mirror Driving 19. Wire Cutter 20. 21. Axe Shovel (A) 23. Tool (B) Tool Box 24. Engine compartment Cover (L 26. 27. Engine Compartment Sledgehammer 29 Shovel (B) 30 Tool (C) 31. Saw Driver's Door 32. 33. Commander 34. Small Auxe (3) Gun Barrel (L) 1. Gun Shield 3 Gun Commander's Hatch (A) (B) Gunner's Hatch (A)
Sighting Periscope
Smoke DischarGer (L)
(R) 10 11. Discharger-door Periscope (L)

" (R)

Handl Rail 13. 15. 16. Gunners Hatch (B) Hinge Gunners Hatch (C) 18. 20. Commander's Hatch (C) 22. Infra-red Serchlight (A) 23 24. C D 25. 26. (F) 27. 28. Machine Gun 30. Gun Sight Gun Mount Stowage Box Door Stowage Plate (right)
" (left) 33. Tool Case Travel Pack (right) " (left) 35 36. 37. 38 Antenna 0 Lower Hull Upper Turret Lower Turret Upper Hull 1 Front Wheel Cap Road Wheel (A) Sprocket Wheel Cap Towing Rope Caterpillar 6 . 0 Drive Sprocket (A) Drive Sprocket (B) Idler Wheel Road Wheel (B) Road Wheel (A) Upper Roller (A) Upper Roller (B) Unnecessary
Road Wheel Axle
Drive Axle (A)
Drive Axle (B)

10

Front Shaft





- ★Study the instructions before commencing assembly.
- ★You will need a sharp knife, a screwdriver, a pair of pliers, and a file.
- ★Do not break parts away from sprue, but cut off carefully with a sharp knife or a pair of pliers.
- ★Use glue sparingly. Use only enough to make a good bond. Apply cement to both parts to be joined.

Figure 1 Construction of Rear Panel Detach parts No's. A1. A2, A3, A4, A5 and A6. Cement parts A2 to A6 as shown. Place No. A7 on locating lug on No. A8 and with a heated screwdriver weld No. A 8 lug over No. A7; be sure this turns easily.

Cement eyelets No. A9 into locations on No. A1 but before these dry locate No. A7 lugs into eyelets-DO NOT CEMENT.

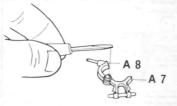


Figure 3 Construction and Fixing of Wheels, A

★Construct each wheel as shown. Two drive sprockets, fourteen road wheels, and two idler wheels are needed in all. When assembled up all wheels, fix each axle (W10, W11, W8, W9) to chassis and each five drive sprockets and five road wheels to the right and left sides.

Figure 4 Fixing of Wheels, B Fix idler wheels, upper rollers (W6, W7) to both right and left sides.

Fix road wheels after cementing shock absorbers (A11, A12, A13, A14) in position.



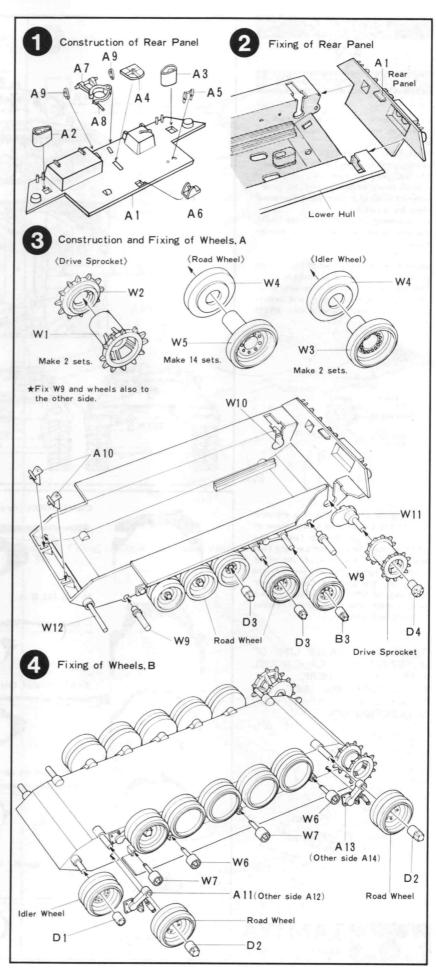


Figure 5 Construction of Gun Barrel Turret Assembly. Place B. recesses inside lower turret part No. C3. DO NOT CEMENT. Now cement upper turret part No. C2 to lower turret No. C3. Cement left and right halves of gun barrel No's. B1 and B2. Cement Gun barrel through covor No. B3 onto B4. This whole assembly will allow the gun barrel to elevate.

Figure 6 Fixing of Gun Turret Parts (A) Detach parts No's. B22 to B28 and construct as shown - put to one side to dry. This is for locating on gun barrel cover as shown

Complote turret cementing all parts as shown to respective locating points.

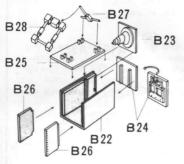
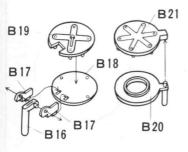
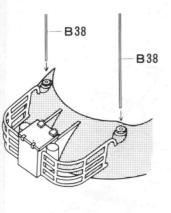


Figure 7 Fixing of Gun Turret Parts (B) Cement all the rest of turret parts, paying particular attention to assemblies in margin. Manhole cover No's. B18 and B19 is hinged and must NOT BE CEMENTED. Put whole turret assembly aside to dry.



Fixing of Antenna



TAMIYA COLOR CATALOGUE

The latest in cars, boats, tanks and ships. Motorized, radio controlled and museum quality models are all shown in full color in Tamiya's latest catalogue. At your nearest hobby supply house.

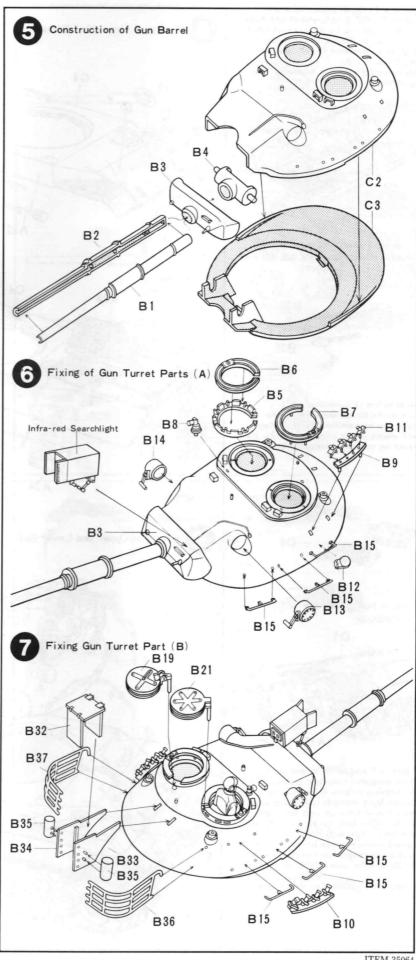
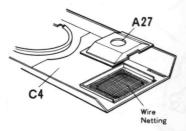
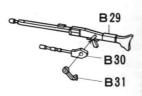


Figure 8 Fixing of Upper Hull Parts.
Cement No. A27 to underside of tank body as shown over the top of wire mesh which is cemented to INSIDE of body. Cement all parts as numbered to left and right hand sides of body.

Pay particular attention to plan for locating points.



Construction of Machine Gun Carriage Assemble Machine Gun No's. B29, B30 and B31.



Construction of Caterpiller
Join tracks No. D6 and weld together using heated acrewdriver. Carefully feed
over wheels paying attention to how the
tracks lay over drive cogged wheels.



Fixing of Towing Rope

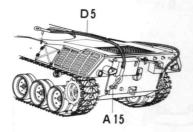
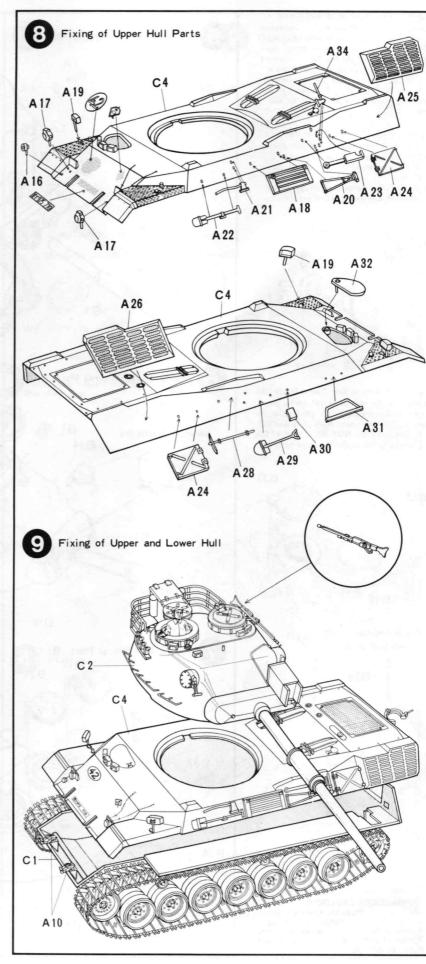


Figure 9 Fixing of Upper and Lower Hull. Place completed body onto chassis, locating recesses on body front into hooks on chassis front assembly should slide easily. Place turret sideways onto top, lugs should locate, turn turret and lugs will hold turret under body rim.

Cement machine gun to turret as shown. Locate and cement the two rope hawsers No. D5 to either side of body as shown.

Finally affix transfers as shown on plan.



PAINTING

Standard color of the Leopard tank is olive drab, which can be easily sprayed on.

Paint hand tools on sides of body, rope hawsers and machine gun in silver black. The tail lamp on panel of rear part of chassis should be painted red. As fender cover is made of rubber, paint it matted black for a realistic look.

By following the diagram below, paint the commander dummy using a slender brush.

Apply decals by referring to the diagram in upper right. Soak slide marks in water, then with front side up, slide base sheet off. Apply marks to body and smooth down bubbles under marks with a soft cloth.



The diagram at the right is a comparision of the Leopard tank with those of the various other famous tanks. The white portions are of the Leopard tank and the black ones are of the other respective tanks. You will see that the height of the Leopard tank is lower than any of the tanks. The Leopard tank is made with much care in respect to shellproof effect.

TAMIYA'S AVAILABLE LINE OF PLASTIC 1/35 th SCALE MODEL KITS IS LISTED HERE. MAKE SURE YOU GET THE

MAKE SURE YOU GET THE WHOLE LINE...... START YOUR COLLECTION NOW!





